

GRAMMAR

1. – 16. sorularda, cümlede boş bırakılan yerlere uygun düşen sözcük ya da ifadeyi bulunuz.

1. Little Jimmy was very surprised to learn ---- no one's answer was better than ---- he wrote.
- A) ---- / whether
B) why / that
C) who / which
D) that / what
E) the fact that / how
2. Depending on ---- close it is to the poles, the weight of an object differs from ---- it would be at the equator.
- A) where / where
B) that / the way
C) wherever / how
D) however / that
E) how / what
3. The police asked me ---- I ---- the people living next door moved.
- A) where / thought
B) that / was thinking
C) how / think
D) who / thought
E) when / am thinking
4. I don't care ---- and ---- you do it, but I need to have an interview with this young actor as soon as possible.
- A) why / who
B) when / that
C) how / where
D) that / when
E) however / if
5. Since he had no idea how ---- a toast speech, Mike asked Georgia if she ---- one for him.
- A) to give / can write
B) being given / may have written
C) to be given / could write
D) giving / can be written
E) to give / could write
6. Nowadays, most people pay attention to ---- you look rather than ---- you say.
- A) where / that
B) how / what
C) whether / which
D) what / how
E) however / whichever
7. I can't remember ---- in the attic I put that old diary, but I have no doubt ---- it is there.
- A) where / that
B) why / whether
C) that / if
D) wherever / the fact that
E) however / if
8. Scientists do not know for sure ---- man has been able to communicate verbally or ---- he began wearing clothes.
- A) why / whenever
B) whose / the fact that
C) whenever / why
D) how long / when
E) whatever / how

9. Everyone in the office ---- me why I ---- for three days as they didn't know that I had the flu last week.

- A) is asked / didn't come
- B) was asked / wasn't coming
- C) was asking / haven't come
- D) is asking / am not coming
- E) asked / hadn't come

10. The other day Jane's boss ---- her that she ---- overtime soon.

- A) told / might have to work
- B) said / has had to work
- C) explained / would have to work
- D) told / may have had to work
- E) asked / would have to work

11. ---- a product sells or not actually depends on ---- it has been advertised.

- A) Whichever / how long
- B) What / why
- C) Whether / how well
- D) How long / that
- E) If / however

12. Rick is so fond of Diana that ---- badly she hurts his feelings, his love remains the same.

- A) whoever
- B) ----
- C) however
- D) whatever
- E) whether

13. ---- they are portable and a lot smaller makes laptop computers much more practical than PCs.

- A) If
- B) The fact that
- C) As
- D) When
- E) However

14. ---- we know to be continents now used to be a single mass called *Pangaea* hundreds of millions of years ago.

- A) That
- B) Where
- C) How
- D) What
- E) Wherever

15. Without asking ---- it cost, Jack said ---- he wanted to buy the suit.

- A) how much / ----
- B) whether / that
- C) what / the fact that
- D) however much / if
- E) whatever / whether

16. It was the way ---- he looked at us ---- I found most offensive.

- A) how / whatever
- B) where / that
- C) why / who
- D) when / which
- E) ---- / that

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1. – 16. sorularda, cümlede boş bırakılan yerlere uygun düşen sözcük ya da ifadeyi bulunuz.

1. I knew there was a party that day, but I could remember neither ---- nor ---- it was.

- A) what time / how
- B) when / whom
- C) where / what time
- D) how much / what
- E) that / where

2. My worst memory of that school is ---- the teachers used to treat students according to ---- son or daughter they were.

- A) that / whose
- B) where / whom
- C) how / which
- D) when / whomever
- E) the fact that / who

3. ---- Scandinavian countries have six months of night can make life very hard for ---- visits them briefly.

- A) How long / whomever
- B) That / whomever
- C) However / whom
- D) The fact that / whoever
- E) No matter how long / those

4. Not being sure about ---- tip would be enough, I decided ---- I had better leave all the change.

- A) what / that
- B) how much / that
- C) whether / why
- D) however / how
- E) what / ----

5. ---- we used as insecticide, we couldn't get rid of the cockroaches in our kitchen.

- A) The fact that
- B) Which
- C) However
- D) How much
- E) Whatever

6. Allen ---- me where he ---- although I repeatedly asked him.

- A) didn't tell / is going to go
- B) doesn't tell / would go
- C) wouldn't tell / was going
- D) wasn't telling / will be going
- E) hadn't told / is going

7. ---- a song will be a hit or a flop is hard to say before it is released.

- A) Either
- B) That
- C) If
- D) What
- E) Whether

8. ---- told you this must think ---- you are so stupid that you will believe everything you are told.

- A) Whomever / that
- B) Whoever / ----
- C) That / as
- D) Whom / that
- E) Who / ----

9. We need to know ---- you are absolutely sincere about ---- you are telling us.

- A) how / ----
- B) whether / that
- C) why / that
- D) if / what
- E) that / which

10. Betty shook the moneybox to have a rough idea about ---- coins there were in it.

- A) how many
- B) which
- C) whether
- D) the fact that
- E) however much

11. Claire ---- by the publishing company that her book would come out in a few days.

- A) wanted to know
- B) was asked
- C) has told
- D) said
- E) was told

12. Asking all her friends, Julia took a week to decide ---- she should accept Peter's marriage proposal.

- A) if
- B) what
- C) ----
- D) however
- E) who

13. ---- carefully I looked at the timetable, I couldn't work out ---- the next train would leave.

- A) No matter how / ----
- B) Whenever / what time
- C) However / when
- D) What / where
- E) How / that

14. Scientist do not agree about ---- we can prevent an asteroid-earth collision and some are even unsure ---- it is possible at all.

- A) the fact that / ----
- B) how / if
- C) however / what
- D) what / that
- E) that / whether

15. Judging from her appearance, it is really impossible to guess ---- she is.

- A) whom
- B) whether
- C) that
- D) how old
- E) whichever

16. ---- happened last night certainly caused the two friends to distance from each other.

- A) That
- B) Whichever
- C) Who
- D) Which
- E) Whatever

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1. – 16. sorularda, cümlede boş bırakılan yerlere uygun düşen sözcük ya da ifadeyi bulunuz.

1. My house is ---- the two streets meet, so I am sure ---- you can't miss it.

- A) how / whether
- B) where / ----
- C) what / that
- D) that / how
- E) when / that

2. After the hard blow to his head, Paul could not remember ---- he was or ---- he had been doing at the time.

- A) who / what
- B) how / how long
- C) why / that
- D) that / whether
- E) what / how long

3. ---- the translation will cost depends on a few factors, one of which is ---- words the document contains.

- A) What / that
- B) How / how much
- C) Whether / wherever
- D) How much / how many
- E) The fact that / which

4. She ---- to me a few times how ---- questions of this type, but I still can't solve them.

- A) has been explaining / doing
- B) explained / to have done
- C) explains / being done
- D) was explained / to be doing
- E) has explained / to do

5. No one knows ---- Kevin lied to us ---- his father was the mayor.

- A) ---- / whom
- B) when / ----
- C) why / that
- D) however / whose
- E) that / whether

6. I was too nervous to say anything as I wasn't sure ---- answer would please him most.

- A) if
- B) whom
- C) that
- D) how
- E) what

7. ---- we asked ---- they knew Martin said he rarely socialized with others.

- A) The fact that / how
- B) Whoever / if
- C) What / whether
- D) Whomever / that
- E) When / how

8. Andy began to be worried as he did not know ---- the car would go with the fuel light on.

- A) how far
- B) that
- C) wherever
- D) how much
- E) what

9. ---- you study the grammar of a language, it is the speaking skill ---- will exhibit your competence.

- A) The fact that / whoever
- B) That / who
- C) Whenever / what
- D) However much / that
- E) How long / the fact that

10. Before an accident, there are only fractions of a second for the driver to decide ---- to perform a particular manoeuvre.

- A) however
- B) whether or not
- C) that
- D) if
- E) whenever

11. ---- popular a website is depends directly on ---- hits it receives over a certain period of time.

- A) What / how much
- B) Whether / which
- C) If / what
- D) That / whether
- E) How / how many

12. By looking into the case from a number of aspects, experts can make an educated guess as to ---- and ---- a fire started.

- A) when / how
- B) how / what
- C) whom / that
- D) where / whether
- E) why / who

13. Scientists are not sure ---- causes sleepwalking, nor do they know ---- to overcome this disorder.

- A) who / whether
- B) that / why
- C) what / how
- D) which / that
- E) how / when

14. Make sure ---- you write down in his lessons ---- he announces to be important.

- A) ---- / whether
- B) what / however
- C) that / whichever
- D) that / whenever
- E) ---- / whatever

15. From ---- I can make out from the writing on this letter, I can say that it is addressed to Mrs Hildegard, ---- that is.

- A) what / whoever
- B) how / whose
- C) whatever / whom
- D) which / which
- E) that / ----

16. I want you to know ---- it is a matter of indifference to me ---- you do something about this issue or not.

- A) if / whether
- B) ---- / when
- C) that / whether
- D) ---- / whatever
- E) how / if

GRAMMAR

1. – 16. sorularda, cümlede boş bırakılan yerlere uygun düşen sözcük ya da ifadeyi bulunuz.

1. It took Sabrina a few seconds to decide ---- she should tell him ---- she really thought about his plan or not.
- A) why / how
B) who / whatever
C) if / however
D) whether / what
E) that / whether
2. As I knew ---- fascinated Jane was by home decoration magazines, I remembered to buy one for her on my way back.
- A) that
B) how
C) what
D) whether
E) however
3. It ---- out much later that the group of boys sitting at the back ---- in the exams for a few months.
- A) has turned / had been cheating
B) turns / were cheating
C) turned / had been cheating
D) has turned / had cheated
E) turned / have been cheating
4. My Spanish is just enough to follow the main drift of ---- is being said, so I can't claim ---- I would be of any use as a translator.
- A) that / ----
B) which / that
C) who / ----
D) whatever / if
E) what / that
5. If you use this medicine, I am sure ---- you will be surprised at ---- soon you will be seeing the first new hair growth on your scalp.
- A) how / that
B) ---- / how
C) whether / the fact that
D) that / what time
E) ---- / when
6. None of us ---- any explanation as to why he ---- his identity for so long.
- A) had / had hidden
B) had had / hid
C) has got / is hiding
D) had / has been hiding
E) has had / was hiding
7. ---- determines ---- a lesson is taken in by the class is the amount of student interaction.
- A) That / what
B) What / whom
C) Which / that
D) What / how well
E) The fact that / ----
8. ---- the demonstration would eventually turn into a street battle was obvious, which was ---- there were a large number of police.
- A) The fact that / when
B) How / ----
C) That / why
D) When / where
E) Where / if

9. In the Wild West, ---- came first and claimed a piece of land to be theirs would later be the official owner of it.

- A) whoever
- B) that
- C) whom
- D) when
- E) whomever

10. Most of ---- we see in action movies contradict with scientific facts.

- A) how much
- B) that
- C) whatever
- D) whom
- E) which

11. A three-year-old child is too young to work out ---- the puzzle pieces fit together, ---- few they are.

- A) that / which
- B) whether / how much
- C) that / whatever
- D) which / what
- E) how / however

12. It was pure chance ---- I happened to overhear their gossips about ---- I hadn't been promoted.

- A) how / if
- B) that / why
- C) which / whether
- D) when / that
- E) that / what

13. Perhaps the best way to save money is to reduce expenses ---- and ---- possible.

- A) when / why
- B) however much / whether
- C) whenever / wherever
- D) whether / whenever
- E) how much / when

14. I don't care ---- it will cost me; I just want to have that home cinema system.

- A) whether
- B) how
- C) whichever
- D) how much
- E) which

15. ---- the farmer stumbled upon a large pot, archaeologists later excavated ---- turned out to be an ancient settlement.

- A) Where / what
- B) The fact that / which
- C) How / where
- D) That / when
- E) When / whatever

16. Pretending not to have understood ---- he had not done his homework by himself, the teacher asked Tom to explain ---- he had done it.

- A) why / however
- B) the fact that / that
- C) that / whether
- D) what / who
- E) that / how

GRAMMAR

1. – 12. sorularda cümleyi uygun şekilde tamamlayan ifadeyi bulunuz.

1. This model is aimed to give you a rough idea of ----.

- A) that the working method of the machine has been simplified
- B) what the finished product is expected to look like
- C) which would otherwise not possible to imagine
- D) how did we get such a small mechanism to work so precisely
- E) if you will choose the standard or the luxury model

2. ---- will have to see the assistant principal to report his delay.

- A) If he had come a few minutes later than he did
- B) Who hadn't turned up during the morning assembly
- C) Whether they have a good reason to come late or not
- D) Whenever he came late to school for any reason
- E) Whoever fails to arrive at school before the first class

3. Whether a child will develop an interest in music later in his life ----.

- A) cannot do it if the talent is not discovered early enough
- B) or whether they will develop it even much earlier
- C) becomes clear in the first three years of his or her life
- D) should be provided the training he or she will require
- E) it is, however, not always discovered by their teachers

4. ---- should not discourage you from trying harder this time.

- A) The fact that we were defeated in the first match last week
- B) Whenever you concentrate on the job you are doing
- C) How many times did you get a low grade in a maths exam
- D) The exam was actually more difficult than the previous ones
- E) What you have attempted and accomplished so far

5. I was absolutely sure that, wherever it was, ----.

- A) they have always managed to do an excellent job
- B) she has been working for the same company for years
- C) he will be waiting for us when we go there today
- D) we shot this photo at one of her birthdays in this very room
- E) we were together on a social occasion

6. ---- what the management before us hadn't been able to do for years.

- A) Since the company has lost a lot of valuable time
- B) It was not fair to expect our team to solve in a few months
- C) However detailed we were told during the meeting
- D) It became clear when the company went almost bankrupt
- E) The inspection report they have prepared is so detailed

7. **However carefully I checked for it in all the cabinets, ----.**

- A) I can't seem to find the file we need for the presentation today
- B) the disorder in the office causes the work to run slowly
- C) wherever he keeps the document he has been hiding for so long
- D) you must have misplaced it after you used it yesterday
- E) I should have thought she might have put the key in one of them

8. **---- whatever belonged to their relatives before they fled the country.**

- A) The grandchildren of the immigrants have earned their own wealth now
- B) The couple has been doing some genealogy research
- C) Some of the descendants returned to make claims for
- D) After the abolition of slavery, lots of black people returned to Africa
- E) The next generations that were unable to keep in their possession

9. **He was actually quite serious when he suggested ----.**

- A) why I have left home and made my parents worry
- B) what we can do while waiting for the bus to set off
- C) to swim across the river in the cold winter day
- D) that we are going to need more time to complete the project than we thought
- E) taking all the money in the wallet we had found

10. **---- if there wasn't a better way of settling the matter.**

- A) The quarrel would eventually turn into a fierce fight
- B) The policeman got annoyed about the driver's implication when he asked
- C) Bureaucracy is a real barrier to a more efficiently-working state
- D) The fact that you rarely get caught for speeding is
- E) The owners of the cars involved in the crash were arguing

11. **Obesity is still a problem although there is so much talk and publication on ----.**

- A) that chemical additives are the main cause of it
- B) how to lose weight and lead a healthier life
- C) why should one count the calories they take throughout the day
- D) one has a large selection of diets to choose from
- E) how long medicine has been trying to find a cure for it

12. **---- how much you are prepared to pay for one.**

- A) If you buy two of these washing liquids, you get the third for free
- B) The price of a one-minute call changes from one phone company to the other
- C) Why you still have a limited budget to buy a car
- D) The price of a particular product can only be determined
- E) You can choose from a wide range of watches depending on

GRAMMAR

1. – 20. sorularda, parçalarda numaralanmış yerlere uygun düşen sözcük ya da ifadeyi bulunuz.

(1) ---- it is colour, sound or smell, everybody perceives many physical and chemical properties differently. Therefore, it might seem puzzling (2) ---- we are able to communicate and, almost always, reach general agreements on (3) ---- is red or blue, or (4) ---- a scent is pleasant or unpleasant. Even more amazing is (5) ---- although we have a clear idea of, for instance, what the colour red is, we cannot describe it without defining it by referring to objects having this colour.

1.
 - A) That
 - B) Why
 - C) How
 - D) What
 - E) Whether

2.
 - A) what
 - B) how
 - C) whichever
 - D) the fact that
 - E) whoever

3.
 - A) when
 - B) that
 - C) how
 - D) what
 - E) why

4.
 - A) whether
 - B) what
 - C) whomever
 - D) however
 - E) the fact that

5.
 - A) who
 - B) whether
 - C) however
 - D) the fact that
 - E) how

Scientists have discovered (6) ---- being able to speak is (7) ---- enables us to understand numbers. Deaf people who had not learned a language were found to be incapable of comprehending any number greater than three. Experts said (8) ---- the reason was (9) ---- they had not studied the familiar count list from one to ten (10) ---- young children are taught. As they learn such a sequence at such an early stage of their lives, it stays hardwired into their brain for the rest of their lives.

6.
 - A) if
 - B) that
 - C) whatever
 - D) why
 - E) how

7.
 - A) what
 - B) whether
 - C) that
 - D) why
 - E) which

8.
 - A) whichever
 - B) when
 - C) ----
 - D) why
 - E) what

9.
 - A) that
 - B) whether
 - C) whom
 - D) why
 - E) how

10.
 - A) where
 - B) how
 - C) whom
 - D) whose
 - E) which

It is remarkable (11) ---- transport changed during the Industrial Revolution due to (12) ---- there was an increased requirement for better methods of moving goods to (13) ---- they were needed and large-scale investment in infra-structures. The changes took place in several levels. (14) ---- had to be done first was to improve the main roads. Secondly, many canals were built to shorten routes, and finally, the railway was introduced. It was through these big changes (15) ---- travel times over longer distances got shorter and industries could seek new markets in.

11.

- A) who
- B) which
- C) why
- D) what
- E) how

12.

- A) whenever
- B) the fact that
- C) whom
- D) whether
- E) however

13.

- A) wherever
- B) how
- C) whenever
- D) that
- E) why

14.

- A) Which
- B) That
- C) What
- D) Who
- E) ----

15.

- A) which
- B) who
- C) what time
- D) that
- E) whether

Do you really know (16) ---- you come from? DNA studies suggest (17) ---- all humans today descend from a group of African ancestors about 60,000 years ago. The Genographic Project is seeking to chart new knowledge about (18) ---- this took place by using sophisticated laboratory and computer analysis. This project is expected to close the gaps of (19) ---- science knows today about humankind's ancient migration stories. Researchers are now using various technologies to analyze historical patterns in DNA from (20) ---- contributed with samples to learn about their past.

16.

- A) how
- B) where
- C) the fact that
- D) that
- E) wherever

17.

- A) that
- B) where
- C) which
- D) when
- E) why

18.

- A) which
- B) that
- C) wherever
- D) what
- E) how

19.

- A) when
- B) how many
- C) what
- D) which
- E) that

20.

- A) that
- B) whose
- C) where
- D) whether
- E) whoever

GRAMMAR

1. – 12. sorularda, verilen cümleye anlamca en yakın cümleyi bulunuz.

1. **It is only when you dive with a scuba system that you realize how fascinating marine life is.**
- A) One can't dive deep enough to enjoy the marine life without suitable breathing equipment.
B) It was only after scuba diving was invented that divers could discover the beauty of the underwater world.
C) After the advent of scuba equipment, we were able to enjoy the charming beauty of underwater life.
D) You can't realize how enchanting underwater life is without diving with scuba equipment.
E) The fascination you get with a scuba system cannot be compared to anything else.
2. **Aaron, who has lived longer in this city than we have, most probably knows where to find the best places to eat out.**
- A) It was strange that Aaron doesn't know any good places to eat out although he has been living here longer than we have.
B) Aaron must know the best places to eat out as he has been in this city longer than us.
C) Aaron has lived here longer than any one of us, which is why he knows many good places to dine.
D) If we had lived in this city as long as Aaron has, we too would know lots of good places to dine.
E) Aaron has lived here longer than all of us together, so it is natural that he knows lots of good places to eat.
3. **She denied that she had anything to do with what had been going on for some time.**
- A) She refused to take part in what had been happening there for some time.
B) As she wasn't interested in what was going on, she chose not to get involved in it.
C) No one could make her admit to her involvement in what was going on.
D) She rejected the accusation that she was in any way involved in the recent events.
E) Despite being involved in what had been going on, she has denied it for some time.

4. **These theories are based on assumptions rather than any observations whatsoever.**
- A) What these theories are based on must be only simple assumptions rather than observation.
B) These theories are not based on what we would call real observations, but it is likely that they are based on suppositions.
C) What these theories are based on are not the results of any study but rather suppositions.
D) As no observations were made, these theories were based purely on assumptions.
E) These theories are based on whatever assumptions have been made so far, rather than a real study of the case.
5. **Without going to the school, there is no way of knowing whether the classes will be cancelled.**
- A) If we hadn't gone to school, we could never have found out that the classes had been cancelled.
B) There is no way the classes have been cancelled, and we can prove that without going to the school.
C) Only if we went to school could we be sure whether there would be any classes or not.
D) As they didn't inform us whether the classes had been cancelled or not, we had to go to the school to check.
E) We can't be sure if the classes will be called off or not unless we go to school.
6. **It is only through practice that an archer can shoot the arrow to where exactly he wants it to go.**
- A) What allows an archer to improve his accuracy is how much and how often he practises.
B) As an archer who shoots his arrow at a particular target with great precision, he has practised for a long time.
C) An archer can increase his accuracy at sending an arrow to the desired destination only by doing practice.
D) What an archer can do to improve his accuracy is, above all, to practise as frequently as possible.
E) What helps an archer to perfect his shooting skills must be experience.

7. Inability to fit in their clothes is, in addition to others, why women go on a diet.

- A) The only reason why women go on a diet is the fact that they don't fit in any clothes they want to buy.
- B) It is just because they have grown out of their clothes that women consider starting a strict diet.
- C) If women could fit in most of their clothes, none of them would bother to go on a diet.
- D) One of the reasons that trigger women to go on a diet is the fact that they can no longer fit in their clothes.
- E) All the women who go on a diet have the goal of fitting in their clothes on their minds.

8. Whoever writes the winning essay in the competition will get to visit Paris for a week.

- A) The first person to write an essay for the competition won a one-week holiday to Paris.
- B) Whoever wrote the best entry for the essay competition wins a surprise holiday in Paris.
- C) To win the one-week holiday in Paris you need to write one of the winning essays in the competition.
- D) The first one to submit an entry for the essay competition will go to Paris for about a week.
- E) Anyone who writes the best essay in competition will be able to spend a week in Paris.

9. What makes autistic people different is their total lack of interest in whatever is happening around them.

- A) The fact that they show no interest in things happening around them makes autistic people different.
- B) The truly autistic people are so different from us that they practically don't perceive what is going on around them.
- C) The only difference between us and autistic people is that they usually show no interest in anything around them.
- D) Whatever happens in their minds makes autistic people so different and uninterested in the world.
- E) Autistic people perceive the world differently but most of the time, they don't show any interest in it.

10. I don't know how we end up wearing the same dress wherever we meet.

- A) Somehow we both wear the same colour clothes at times.
- B) I remember that wherever I met her, we were wearing this same dress, which I find really odd.
- C) I have no idea why, but wherever we encounter each other, it turns out we are wearing the same dress.
- D) Coincidentally, we somehow show up wearing the same colour dress whenever we arrange to meet.
- E) She happens to be wearing the kind of dress I am planning to wear before I go somewhere.

11. What looked like acne at first turned into a huge boil within two days.

- A) What I thought would be a huge boil was just acne as it turned out two days later.
- B) Although the boil looked like acne in the beginning, it grew to its huge size after two days.
- C) When I saw the boil before it grew that big, it looked as small as acne two days before.
- D) If it hadn't turned into this huge boil in two days, I would still be thinking it is acne.
- E) Although it was very small in the beginning, the boil grew real big in just two days.

12. The way they present a message very simply is what makes cartoons so popular with children.

- A) Children usually love cartoons because they understand easily the simple messages in them.
- B) The simpler the message of a cartoon is, the more popular it is expected to become.
- C) So popular are cartoons with especially children that the messages are presented simply to help them understand.
- D) If cartoons did not present any simple messages, they would not be so popular with children.
- E) The reason why children like cartoons so much is how simply they give a message.

GRAMMAR

1. – 16. sorularda, cümlede boş bırakılan yerlere uygun düşen sözcük ya da ifadeyi bulunuz.

1. **Although there was enough evidence to prove it, the man vehemently ---- that he ---- in the murder of his wife.**
- A) denies / has involved
B) denied / was involved
C) had denied / would be involved
D) is denying / had been involved
E) denied / involved
2. **One of the waiters ---- us that there would soon be a free table and ---- that we wait a few minutes.**
- A) explained / told
B) stated / proposed
C) asked / offered
D) said / recommended
E) told / suggested
3. **Since they ---- us that the concert was cancelled, we had to travel all the way to the place and back.**
- A) didn't say
B) hadn't informed
C) haven't warned
D) didn't explain
E) hadn't reported
4. **I ---- that I ---- a lot of money in damages and was very relieved to hear that it was much less than I had feared.**
- A) have worried / am going to pay
B) am worried / will have to pay
C) was worried / had paid
D) have been worried / would pay
E) was worried / would have to pay
5. **The people ---- that the tickets for the concert that had been delayed ---- valid for the next time.**
- A) were assured / would be
B) are assured / will be
C) had assured / would have been
D) assured / was going to be
E) have assured / will be
6. **When I asked her how she was, Sylvia ---- to me that she was feeling hardly better than the day before.**
- A) has said
B) confirmed
C) murmured
D) has answered
E) insisted
7. **The workers ---- the company spokesman that if the working conditions are not improved, they will go on a strike.**
- A) warned
B) have announced
C) had promised
D) have threatened
E) assured
8. **For maximum dental health, dentists strongly ---- that you have your teeth examined twice a year.**
- A) told
B) were insisted
C) recommend
D) command
E) are said

9. I didn't at first understand that the Japanese tourist at the restaurant ---- me where the toilet was.

- A) requested
- B) wanted to know
- C) has required
- D) was asking
- E) has been telling

10. Some children resent ---- their parents have very successful careers and doubt ---- they will ever be able to match them.

- A) however / ----
- B) the fact that / that
- C) whenever / the fact
- D) how / when
- E) when / whenever

11. ---- human beings will be able to settle on other planets one day is ---- many people often wonder about.

- A) Whether or not / what
- B) That / if
- C) Whatever / whether
- D) The fact that / that
- E) Where / however

12. George makes no secret of ---- he had been born into a miserably poor quarter of the city.

- A) whom
- B) wherever
- C) that
- D) whatsoever
- E) the fact that

13. In a typical black African hut you wouldn't expect to find any modern kitchen utensil, ----.

- A) whatever
- B) or not
- C) whatsoever
- D) whenever
- E) wherever

14. The major ---- his soldier that the ditch ---- in less than an hour.

- A) ordered / be dug
- B) has told / must dig
- C) told / should dig
- D) commanded / was dug
- E) instructed / dig

15. Before using the electric drill, Ben carefully measured and marked ---- the hole should exactly be.

- A) what
- B) whichever
- C) why
- D) where
- E) that

16. There are some problems about which you might not be sure to ---- to consult for advice.

- A) who
- B) whose
- C) whatever
- D) whoever
- E) whom